

PAPER SET - A

Roll No. _____

INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE CANDIDATES:

1. The written test is of objective type, having multi choice, such as a,b,c, and d etc.
 2. The written test is of 100 marks
 3. Each right answer will carry 01 (one) mark and each wrong answer make liable for deduction of 1/4th (one forth) mark
 4. The candidate will have to tick (\surd) mark on the right answer from multiple choices.
 5. The duration of the written test shall be two hours.
 6. The candidate will used blue ball pen. Use of any other colour of ink is not permitted.
 7. Candidate will put his signature on each page of answer sheet.
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Q1 Queen-Empress v Abdullah (1885) 7 ALL is related to which of the following?

- | | |
|------------------|-------------|
| (a) Conduct. | (b) Motive. |
| (c) Preparation. | (d) Result. |

Q 2. Husband and wife:

- (a) Are competent witnesses against each other in matrimonial cases.
- (b) Are not competent witnesses against each other as they are one person in law.
- (c) Are competent witnesses against each other in civil cases only.
- (d) Are competent witnesses against each other in civil as well as criminal cases.

Q3. What number of witnesses will be required for the proof of any fact?

- (a) No particular number.
- (b) At least one eye-witness.
- (c) Two witnesses with regard to documents.
- (d) One party and one witness.

- Q4** Who is not competent to order security for keeping peace on conviction under Sec. 106, Cr.P.C.
- (a) Sessions Court (b) Court of Magistrate of First Class
(c) Executive Magistrate (d) All are competent
- Q5** In proceeding under sec. 107, Cr.P.C. an Executive Magistrate may require to execute a bond for keeping peace for such period, not exceeding.
- (a) One year (b) Two years
(c) Three year (d) Six months
- Q6** No order issued under Sec. 144, Cr.P.C. shall remain in force for more than:
- (a) 15 days (b) 1 month
(c) 2 months (d) 7 days
- Q7.** In one trial, A is awarded with the sentence which is not appealable whereas sentence against B is appealable. Whether A can file an appeal against the sentence?
- (a) No. (b) Only with special leave
(c) Yes (d) There is no such provision
- Q8.** A, a social reformer, promised B a reward of Rs. 1,000 if he refrained from smoking for two years. B Does so.
- (a) B is entitled to reward from A.
(b) B is not entitled to reward from A
(c) It is a valid consideration in the form of an act of abstinence.
(d) Both (a) and (c) are correct
- Q9.** An agreement by a debtor not to raise the plea of limitation is
- (a) Valid and binding
(b) Valid
(c) Illegal
(d) Voidable at the option of the creditor.

Q10. In which of the following, the right of private defence do not extends to cause death of the offender?

- (a) Rape (b) Gratifying unnatural just
(c) Causing miscarriage (d) Kidnapping

Q11. When force or violence is used by an unlawful assembly or by any member thereof, in prosecution of the common object, every member is guilty of

- (a) Rioting (b) Affray
(c) Unlawful Assembly (d) Assault

Q12. Sexual intercourse by a man with his own wife is not rape, if the wife is above.

- (a) 18 years of age (b) 15 years of age
(c) 16 years of age (d) 14 years of age

Q13. Robbery is an aggravated form of

- (a) Theft (b) extortion
(c) either theft or extortion (d) either theft or extortion or
of Both

Q14. A meets B and his child in a jungle, A takes the child and threatens to kill him unless B delivers his purse. A has committed

- (a) extortion (b) theft
(c) robbery (d) decoity

Q15. Which of the following is an offence which is punishable in four stages:

- (a) Robbery (b) Dacoity
(c) Murder (d) Rape

Q16 Any appeal or application may be admitted after the prescribed period if the appellant or the applicant satisfied the court that he had___, cause for not preferring the appeal or making application within such period:

- (a) Probable (b) Reasonabe (c) Sufficient (d) Particular

Q.17 In which of the following cases, sec. 10 of Limitation Act, 1963 applies:

- (a) Express trusts (b) Implied trusts
(c) Trusts created by operation of law. (d) All of the above.

Q.18. The fraud contemplated by Section 17 of the Limitation Act, 1963, is that of:

- (a) The plaintiff
- (b) The defendant
- (c) A third person
- (d) Both (a) and (c)

Q19. Which section of the Limitation Act is an exception to the general rule that in personal actions, the limitation act bars only the remedy and does not extinguish the right:

- (a) Sec. 26
- (b) Sec. 27
- (c) Sec. 28
- (d) Sec. 29

Q20. A suit to redeem or recover possession of immovable property mortgaged can be brought by a mortgagor within a period of:

- (a) 3 years.
- (b) 6 years
- (c) 12 years
- (d) 30 years

Q21. Specific Relief Act is:

- (a) Remedial in nature
- (b) Protective in nature
- (c) A procedural law
- (d) All of these

Q22. If a person is dispossessed without his consent of immovable property otherwise than in due course of law, he may file a suit for recovery of possession under Sec. 6 of the Specific Relief Act within a period of:

- (a) Three months
- (b) Six months
- (c) Nine months
- (d) One year

Q23. A decision on issue of law

- (a) shall always operate as res-judicata
- (b) shall never operate as res-judicata
- (c) may or may not operate as res-judicata
- (d) none of the above

Q24. In a suit, issues are framed in respect of

- (a) questions of facts
- (b) questions of law
- (c) mixed question of fact and law
- (d) all of the above

Q 25. In execution of a decree for the maintenance, salary of a person can be attached to the extent of

- (a) One fifth (b) One third
(c) two third (d) one fourth

Q 26. Original document can be returned to the party producing it

- (a) after the suit is over
(b) after the disposal of appeal, if preferred
(c) after the period of limitation for filling the appeal, if no appeal is preferred
(d) all of the above.

Q27. Rule of Damdupat is

- (a) a rule relating to jurisdiction (b) a rule relating to interest
(c) a rule of inherent powers (d) none of the above

Q28. Section 144 of CPC

- (a) confers a new substantive right (b) is exhaustive
(c) is equitable in nature (d) none of the above

Q29. Which of the following legal pleas need not be pleaded

- (a) estoppels (b) limitation
(c) res-judicata (d) none of the above

Q30. Which article of the constitution envisaged Hindi in Devanagari Script as official language?

- (a) 343 (b) 243 (c) 143 (d) 334

Q31. Which of the following emerges clearly from the Preamble?

- (I) When the constitution was enacted
(II) The Ideals that were to be achieved
(III) The system of government
(IV) The source of authority
- (a) II, III and IV (b) I and II
(c) I, II and III (d) I, II, III and IV

Q32. Who will appoint the Chairman of Public Accounts Committee?

- (a) Prime Minister (b) President
(c) Speaker (d) Parliament

- Q33. Supreme Court said in re Berubari Union (AIR 1960 SC 845) case that _____ is a key to open the mind of the maker.**
- (a) Fundamenta Right (b) Directive Principle
(c) Supreme Court (d) Preamble
- Q34. The words "Satyameva Jayate", inscribed below the National Emblem, are taken from**
- (a) Jataka (b) Mundaka Upanishad
(c) Mahabharata (d) Puranas
- Q35. Which article of the constitution permits the Supreme Court to review its own judgement or order?**
- (a) Article 130 (b) Article 137
(c) Article 138 (d) Article 139
- Q36. The right to private defence is based on the natural instinct of**
- (a) self-perservation (b) self-respect
(c) self-sufficiency (d) self-reliance
- Q37. 'A' pulled an ear ring away from a woman's ear and thereby tore and wounded her ear. 'A' is guilty of**
- (a) extortion (b) mischief
(c) misappropriation (d) robbery
- Q38. In cases of kidnapping & abduction the right of private defence extends to voluntarily causing**
- (a) any harm other than death
(b) any harm other than death & grievous hurt
(c) any harm including death
(d) none of the above
- Q39. What is the offence, preparation whereof is also punishable?**
- (a) Theft (b) Dacoity
(c) Murder (d) Rape

- Q40. In which of the following cases, the punishment must be 'simple'**
- (a) Refusing to take oath
 - (b) Disobedience to an order duly promulgated by a public servant
 - (c) Wrongful restraint
 - (d) All of the above
- Q41. Assembling for decoity is punishable under**
- (a) Section 396 IPC
 - (b) Section 391, IPC
 - (c) Section 399, IPC
 - (d) Section 402, IPC
- Q42. The word 'takes' in section 361 of IPC signifies?**
- (a) taking by force
 - (b) taking by fraud
 - (c) physical taking
 - (d) all the above
- Q43. The punishment for mischief is:**
- (a) imprisonment for a term up to three months, or with fine, or with both.
 - (b) imprisonment for a term up to six months, or with fine, or with both.
 - (c) imprisonment for a term up to one month, or with fine, or with both
 - (d) imprisonment for a term upto one year, or with fine, or with both.
- Q.44 In the constitution of India, promotion of International peace and security is mentioned in the :**
- (a) Preamble to the constitution
 - (b) Directive Principles of state policy
 - (c) Fundamental Duties
 - (d) Ninth Schedule
- Q.45 The Lok Sabha is called in Session for at least how many times in a year?**
- (a) Twice
 - (b) Once
 - (c) Thrice
 - (d) Four times
- Q.46 Department of Border Management is a Department of which one of the following Union Ministries?**
- (a) Ministry of Defence
 - (b) Ministry of Home Affairs
 - (c) Ministry of Shipping, Road Transport and Highways
 - (d) Ministry of Environment and forests

- Q.47 Which of all following is used as a moderator in nuclear reactor?**
(a) Ordinary water (b) Radium
(c) Thorium (d) Graphite
- Q.48 Food wrapped in newspaper is likely to get contaminated with**
(a) Lead (b) aluminium
(c) iron (d) magnesium
- Q.49 The first person to conduct heart transplantation in India is :**
(a) Dr. PKK Ayyangar (b) Dr. R Valiathan
(c) Dr. Venugopal (d) Dr. R Kesavan Nair
- Q.50 The practice of Sati was declared illegal by :**
(a) Lord Ripon (b) Lord Cornwallis
(c) Lord William Bentick (d) Raja Ram Mohan Roy
- Q.51 Where did Babar die?**
(a) Agra (b) Kabul
(c) Lahore (d) Delhi
- Q.52 Which of the following was built by Akbar?**
(a) Agra Fort (b) Fort of Daulatabad
(c) Red Fort (d) Fort of Ahmednagar
- Q.53 The King who did not allow any body to laugh in his court was :**
(a) Qutab-ud-di Aibak (b) Iltutmish
(c) Alauddin Khalji (d) Balban
- Q.54 Chief Ministers of all the states are ex-officio members of the :**
(a) Finance Commission (b) Planning Commission
(c) National Development Council (d) Inter State council
- Q. 55 In India, the power to increase the number of judges in the Supreme Court lies with :**
(a) the President of India
(b) The Chief Justice of India
(c) The Union Ministry of law
(d) The Parliament of India

- Q. 56 Bank rate is the rate at which :**
- (a) a bank lends to the public
 - (b) the reserve Bank of India lends to the public
 - (c) The Government of India lends to other countries
 - (d) the Reserve Bank of India gives credit to commercial banks
- Q.57 Under Section 325, Cr.P.C, Whenever a Magistrate is of opinion, after hearing the evidence for prosecution and the accused, that the accused is guilty and that he ought to receive a severe punishment than such Magistrate is empowered to inflict, the Magistrate may forward the case to:**
- (a) Sessions Judge
 - (b) Chief Judicial Magistrate
 - (c) District Magistrate
 - (d) Concerned Police Station
- Q.58 Six persons assembled on the platform of Mumbai Railway Station and started fighting with each other. The passengers present at the railway station got annoyed and felt disturbed. The public reported the matter to the police. These six persons are guilty of :**
- (a) Unlawful assembly
 - (b) Rioting
 - (c) Affray
 - (d) Assault
- Q.59 By Information Technology Act, 2000, Amendment made in**
- (a) Section 17 of the Indian Evidence Act
 - (b) Section 34 of the Indian Evidence Act.
 - (c) Section 35 of the Indian Evidence Act
 - (d) All of the above
- Q.60 A deaf-mute's evidence made in written in open Court, shall be deemed to be**
- (a) Documentary Evidence
 - (b) Hearsay Evidence
 - (c) Oral Evidence
 - (d) Primary Evidence

- Q.61 Section 31 of the Specific Relief Act, 1963 is related to**
- (a) rescission of contracts
 - (b) cancellation of instruments
 - (c) declaratory decrees
 - (d) perpetual injunctions
- Q.62 Section 13 of the Limitation Act, 1963 applies in case of**
- (a) a pauper
 - (b) a minor
 - (c) an idiot
 - (d) an insane
- Q.63 Section 15 of the Limitation Act, 1963 does not apply to**
- (a) suit
 - (b) appeals
 - (c) Application for the execution of a decree
 - (d) None of the above
- Q.64 When can a trial court release an accused on bail under Section 389(3) of Cr.P.C after conviction ?**
- (a) Where accused is on bail and imprisonment is not exceeding 3 years.
 - (b) Where accused is on bail and imprisonment is not exceeding 5 years.
 - (c) Where accused is on bail and imprisonment is not exceeding 7 years.
 - (d) Where offence is exclusively bailable whether accused is on bail or not.
- Q.65 How much time is given for complaint for 'dishonour' of cheque ?**
- (a) 45 days of intimation of dishonour
 - (b) 90 days of intimation of dishonour
 - (c) 30 days of intimation of dishonour
 - (d) 15 days of intimation of dishonour
- Q.66 'A' is charged with traveling on a railway without a ticket, the burden of proving that he had a ticket is on**
- (a) prosecution
 - (b) accused
 - (c) complaint
 - (d) prosecution witness

Q.67 Which of the following is not an essential search procedure under section 100 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973.

- (a) Joining of two independent and respectable inhabitants of the locality in the search, as witnesses.
- (b) Signing of search-memo by the witnesses to search
- (c) Attendance of occupant of the place during the search
- (d) Signature of the accused on the search list.

Q.68 In relation to First Information Report, which of the following statements is not correct.

- (a) It is not substantive evidence
- (b) It merely marks the beginning of the investigation
- (c) It cannot be used as a previous statement for any purpose.
- (d) The informant need not be an eye-witness.

Q.69 Under Section 198 of the Code of Criminal Procedure , 1973, no Court can take cognizance of an offence against marriage (punishable under Chapter XX, IPC) unless a complaint is made by :

- (a) The Police
- (b) The Wife/husband
- (c) Some person who is aggrieved by the offence
- (d) All of the above

Q.70 When the person who would otherwise be competent to compound an offence under Section 320 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 is dead, then

- (a) Offence cannot be compounded
- (b) Offence can be compounded by any of the eye-witnesses.
- (c) Legal representative of such person can compound the offence without the consent of the Court
- (d) Legal representative of such person can compound the offence with the consent of the Court.

- Q.71** A is invited by B for a cup of tea. While B is in the kitchen preparing tea, A finds a golden ring on the table. He picks it up and places it somewhere in the room with the intention of dishonestly taking it away sometime later. A commits :
- (a) No offence
 - (b) Extortion
 - (c) Attempt to commit theft
 - (d) Theft
- Q.72** In case of inconsistency between laws made by Parliament and the laws made by the State Legislatures, which one of the following shall prevail ?
- (a) The law made by Parliament before the law made by the Legislature of the State.
 - (b) The law made by Parliament after the law made by the Legislature of the State.
 - (c) The law made by Parliament before or after the law made by the legislature of the State.
 - (d) The law made by the Legislature of the State
- Q73** Law of Limitation : Mark the incorrect statement :
- (a) Bars the judicial remedy
 - (b) Does not extinguish substantive right
 - (c) Is an adjective or procedural law
 - (d) Creates a right in favour of a person
- Q74** In exercise of its original jurisdiction under Article 131 of Constitution, the Supreme Court may entertain and decide any dispute between
- (a) Government of India and State/States,
 - (b) Two or more states,
 - (c) Private individuals and Government of India
 - (d) Both (a) and (b) above.

- Q75** “Begar” means
- (a) Voluntary works without payment
 - (b) Involuntary works without payment
 - (c) Involuntary works with payment
 - (d) Voluntary works with payment
- Q76** The purpose of Section 6 of the Specific Relief Act is to -
- (a) Permit dispossession of a person without his consent
 - (b) To put restraint on dispossession of a person
 - (c) To put restraint on dispossession of a person without his Consent
 - (d) None of the above
- Q77** A contract made by a trustee cannot be specifically enforced if
- (a) It is made in excess of his powers
 - (b) It is made in breach of trust
 - (c) Either (a) or (b)
 - (d) Neither (a) nor (b)
- Q.78** In terms of Section 26 of Specific Relief Act, an instrument
- (a) Can never be rectified
 - (b) May be rectified
 - (c) May be rectified only when if it fails to express the real Intention of the parties due to fraud.
 - (d) May be rectified only when if it fails to express the real Intention of the parties due to fraud or a mutual mistake of the Parties
- Q79** Section 13 of Specific Relief Act confers certain rights on
- (a) Seller of immovable property
 - (b) Purchaser of immovable property
 - (c) Purchaser of movable property
 - (d) Seller of movable property
- Q80** The choice of mode of execution of a decree rests with
- (a) Court executing the decree
 - (b) Court passing the decree
 - (c) Judgment debtor
 - (d) Decree holder

- Q.81 Special summons under section 206 of Cr PC can be issued**
- (a) by a Magistrate only
 - (b) by a Court Sessions
 - (c) by a Magistrate as well as the Court of Sessions
 - (d) by the High Court
- Q.82 In case of merger of the complaint with the police report the procedure to be followed for the trial**
- (a) shall be of the complaint case
 - (b) shall be of the case instituted on the police report
 - (c) shall be of both as per convenience during the trial
 - (d) shall be the one as directed by the Magistrate
- Q83 Before issuance of process against the accused, in a complaint case**
- (a) the accused has a right to participate in the proceedings
 - (b) the accused has no right to participate in the proceedings
 - (c) the accused has a right to watch the proceedings
 - (d) Both (b) and (c)
- Q84 The doctrine of _____ would apply to pre-Constitution laws which are governed by Art 13(1) and would not apply to post-constitution laws which are governed by Article 13(2)**
- (a) Eclipse
 - (b) Severability
 - (c) Colourable legislation
 - (d) Pith and substance
- Q85 A person could be convicted for sending his cattle to graze on the land belonging to another as it amounts to**
- (a) Theft (Section 379 Penal Code)
 - (b) Mischief (Section 426, Penal Code)
 - (c) Criminal breach of trust (Section 405, Penal Code)
 - (d) Criminal trespass (Section 441, Penal Code)

Q.86. "Sine qua non" means

- A. Some thing absolutely indispensable.
- B. Some thing absolutely dispensable.
- C. Some thing easily dispensable.
- D. Some thing very flexible.

Q.87. Clemency powers of President of India are defined under which Article of Constitute of India.

- A. 71
- B. 74
- C. 73
- D. 72

Q.88. Writ Jurisdiction of High Court can be invoked under Article Of Constitution of India.

- A. 230
- B. 225
- C. 231
- D. 226

Q.89. Evidence may be given of relevant facts. A is tried for murder of B by beating him with club with the intention of causing his death which of the following facts are/is correct?

- A. A is beating B with the club
- B. A is causing B's death by such beating
- C. A's intention to cause B's death
- D. All of the above.

Q.90. Which of the following method of identification of accused is correct?

- A. By showing photograph of the accused to the relative of deceased who was murder by the accused.
- B. Test Identification prade before the person who witnessed the accused committing crime
- C. A and B are correct
- D. Only B above is correct.

Q.91. The custom to be recognized by the court of law and for this recognition, which of the following is incorrect-

- A. Ancient
- B. Continuous and uniform
- C. Immoral
- D. Reasonable

Q.92. Which of the following statements is admissible into evidence?

- A. Only oral
- B. Only documentary
- C. Oral or documentary both
- D. None of the above

Q.93. Whether the confession made to a police officer shall be proved as against a person accused of offence-

- A. Such confession is admissible into evidence
- B. Such confession is not admissible into evidence
- C. Such confession is inadmissible in evidence except so far as provided U/s 27 of the Evidence Act.
- D. Such confession is admissible in evidence except so far as provided under section 29 of the Evidence Act.

Q.94 International Olympics Committee (IOC) decided to exclude which of the following games in 2020 Olympics

- (a) Cycling
- (b) Hockey (Women)
- (c) Tennis
- (d) Wrestling

Q. 95 Who wrote book 'Subera'?

- (a) Sukhbir Singh Badal
- (b) Parkash Singh Badal
- (c) Abhay Singh Chautala
- (d) Arjun Badal

Q. 96 Mopa Airport is situated in ...

- (a) Nagaland
- (b) Assam
- (c) Arunachal Pradesh
- (d) None of these

Q. 97 Mutatis Mutandis Means

- (a) Without any change
- (b) Hard to Change
- (c) Never amendable to Change
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- (a) reason or justification for existence
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- (d) Never bases on reasons

Q. 99 Lead role of Heroin in Dirty Picture has been played by

- (a) Malika Barot
- (b) Malika Sheravat
- (c) Anushka Sharma
- (d) None of these

Q. 100 Varun Gandhi belongs to which party?

- (a) Congress
- (b) Jansangh
- (c) Shiv Sena Balthakray
- (d) Bhartiya Janta Party

PAPER SET - B

Roll No. _____

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- B. Test Identification prade before the person who witnessed the accused committing crime
- C. A and B are correct
- D. Only B above is correct.

Q.21 A is invited by B for a cup of tea. While B is in the kitchen preparing tea, A finds a golden ring on the table. He picks it up and places it somewhere in the room with the intention of dishonestly taking it away sometime later. A commits :

- (a) No offence
- (b) Extortion
- (c)Attempt to commit theft
- (d) Theft

Q.22 In case of inconsistency between laws made by Parliament and the laws made by the State Legislatures, which one of the following shall prevail ?

- (a) The law made by Parliament before the law made by the Legislature of the State.
- (b) The law made by Parliament after the law made by the Legislature of the State.
- (c) The law made by Parliament before or after the law made by the legislature of the State.
- (d) The law made by the Legislature of the State

Q23 Law of Limitation : Mark the incorrect statement :

- (a) Bars the judicial remedy
- (b) Does not extinguish substantive right
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- (a) Government of India and State/States,
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- (a) Permit dispossession of a person without his consent
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- (a) Court executing the decree
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- (a) rescission of contracts
 - (b) cancellation of instruments
 - (c) declaratory decrees
 - (d) perpetual injunctions
- Q.32 Section 13 of the Limitation Act, 1963 applies in case of**
- (a) a pauper
 - (b) a minor
 - (c) an idiot
 - (d) an insane
- Q.33 Section 15 of the Limitation Act, 1963 does not apply to**
- (a) suit
 - (b) appeals
 - (c) Application for the execution of a decree
 - (d) None of the above
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- (a) Where accused is on bail and imprisonment is not exceeding 3 years.
 - (b) Where accused is on bail and imprisonment is not exceeding 5 years.
 - (c) Where accused is on bail and imprisonment is not exceeding 7 years.
 - (d) Where offence is exclusively bailable whether accused is on bail or not.
- Q.35 How much time is given for complaint for 'dishonour' of cheque ?**
- (a) 45 days of intimation of dishonour
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Q.41 Where did Babar die?

- (a) Agra
- (b) Kabul
- (c) Lahore
- (d) Delhi

Q.42 Which of the following was built by Akbar?

- (a) Agra Fort
- (b) Fort of Daulatabad
- (c) Red Fort
- (d) Fort of Ahmednagar

Q.53 The King who did not allow any body to laugh in his court was :

- (a) Qutab-ud-di Aibak
- (b) Iltutmish
- (c) Alauddin Khalji
- (d) Balban

Q.44 Chief Ministers of all the states are ex-officio members of the :

- (a) Finance Commission
- (b) Planning Commission
- (c) National Development Council
- (d) Inter State council

Q. 45 In India, the power to increase the number of judges in the Supreme Court lies with :

- (a) the President of India
- (b) The Chief Justice of India
- (c) The Union Ministry of law
- (d) The Parliament of India

Q. 46 Bank rate is the rate at which :

- (a) a bank lends to the public
- (b) the reserve Bank of India lends to the public
- (c) The Government of India lends to other countries
- (d) the Reserve Bank of India gives credit to commercial banks

Q.47 Under Section 325, Cr.P.C, Whenever a Magistrate is of opinion, after hearing the evidence for prosecution and the accused, that the accused is guilty and that he ought to receive a severe punishment than such Magistrate is empowered to inflict, the Magistrate may forward the case to:

- (a) Sessions Judge
- (b) Chief Judicial Magistrate
- (c) District Magistrate
- (d) Concerned Police Station

- Q.48** Six persons assembled on the platform of Mumbai Railway Station and started fighting with each other. The passengers present at the railway station got annoyed and felt disturbed. The public reported the matter to the police. These six persons are guilty of :
- (a) Unlawful assembly
 - (b) Rioting
 - (c) Affray
 - (d) Assault
- Q.49** By Information Technology Act, 2000, Amendment made in
- (a) Section 17 of the Indian Evidence Act
 - (b) Section 34 of the Indian Evidence Act.
 - (c) Section 35 of the Indian Evidence Act
 - (d) All of the above
- Q.50** A deaf-mute's evidence made in written in open Court, shall be deemed to be
- (a) Documentary Evidence
 - (b) Hearsay Evidence
 - (c) Oral Evidence
 - (d) Primary Evidence
- Q51. Assembling for decoity is punishable under**
- (a) Section 396 IPC
 - (b) Section 391, IPC
 - (c) Section 399, IPC
 - (d) Section 402, IPC
- Q52. The word 'takes' in section 361 of IPC signifies?**
- (a) taking by force
 - (b) taking by fraud
 - (c) physical taking
 - (d) all the above
- Q53. The punishment for mischief is:**
- (a) imprisonment for a term up to three months, or with fine, or with both.
 - (b) imprisonment for a term up to six months, or with fine, or with both.
 - (c) imprisonment for a term up to one month, or with fine, or with both
 - (d) imprisonment for a term upto one year, or with fine, or with both.

- Q.54 In the constitution of India, promotion of International peace and security is mentioned in the :**
- (a) Preamble to the constitution
 - (b) Directive Principles of state policy
 - (c) Fundamental Duties
 - (d) Ninth Schedule
- Q.55 The Lok Sabha is called in Session for at least how many times in a year?**
- (a) Twice
 - (b) Once
 - (c) Thrice
 - (d) Four times
- Q.56 Department of Border Management is a Department of which one of the following Union Ministries?**
- (a) Ministry of Defence
 - (b) Ministry of Home Affairs
 - (c) Ministry of Shipping, Road Transport and Highways
 - (d) Ministry of Environment and forests
- Q.57 Which of all following is used as a moderator in nuclear reactor?**
- (a) Ordinary water
 - (b) Radium
 - (c) Thorium
 - (d) Graphite
- Q.58 Food wrapped in newspaper is likely to get contaminated with**
- (a) Lead
 - (b) aluminium
 - (c) iron
 - (d) magnesium
- Q.59 The first person to conduct heart transplantation in India is :**
- (a) Dr. PKK Ayyangar
 - (b) Dr. R Valiathan
 - (c) Dr. Venugopal
 - (d) Dr. R Kesavan Nair
- Q.60 The practice of Sati was declared illegal by :**
- (a) Lord Ripon
 - (b) Lord Cornwallis
 - (c) Lord William Bentick
 - (d) Raja Ram Mohan Roy
- Q61. Which of the following emerges clearly from the Preamble?**
- (I) When the constitution was enacted
 - (II) The Ideals that were to be achieved
 - (III) The system of government

(IV) The source of authority

- (a) II, III and IV (b) I and II
(b) I, II and III (d) I, II, III and IV

Q62. Who will appoint the Chairman of Public Accounts Committee?

- (a) Prime Minister (b) President
(c) Speaker (d) Parliament

Q63. Supreme Court said in re Berubari Union (AIR 1960 SC 845) case that _____ is a key to open the mind of the maker.

- (a) Fundamenta Right (b) Directive Principle
(c) Supreme Court (d) Preamble

Q64. The words "Satyameva Jayate", inscribed below the National Emblem, are taken from

- (a) Jataka (b) Mundaka Upanishad
(c) Mahabharata (d) Puranas

Q65. Which article of the constitution permits the Supreme Court to review its own judgement or order?

- (a) Article 130 (b) Article 137
(c) Article 138 (d) Article 139

Q66. The right to private defence is based on the natural instinct of

- (a) self-perservation (b) self-respect
(c) self-sufficiency (d) self-reliance

Q67. 'A' pulled an ear ring away from a woman's ear and thereby tore and wounded her ear. 'A' is guilty of

- (a) extortion
(b) mischief
(c) misappropriation
(d) robbery

- Q68. In cases of kidnapping & abduction the right of private defence extends to voluntarily causing**
- (a) any harm other than death
 - (b) any harm other than death & grievous hurt
 - (c) any harm including death
 - (d) none of the above
- Q69. What is the offence, preparation whereof is also punishable?**
- (a) Theft (b) Dacoity
 - (c) Murder (d) Rape
- Q70. In which of the following cases, the punishment must be 'simple'**
- (a) Refusing to take oath
 - (b) Disobedience to an order duly promulgated by a public servant
 - (c) Wrongful restraint
 - (d) All of the above
- Q71. Specific Relief Act is:**
- (a) Remedial in nature (b) Protective in nature
 - (c) A procedural law (d) All of these
- Q72. If a person is dispossessed without his consent of immovable property otherwise than in due course of law, he may file a suit for recovery of possession under Sec. 6 of the Specific Relief Act within a period of:**
- (a) Three months (b) Six months
 - (c) Nine months (d) One year
- Q73. A decision on issue of law**
- (a) shall always operate as res-judicata
 - (b) shall never operate as res-judicata
 - (c) may or may not operate as res-judicata
 - (d) none of the above
- Q74. In a suit, issues are framed in respect of**
- (a) questions of facts (b) questions of law
 - (c) mixed question of fact and law (d) all of the above

Q 75. In execution of a decree for the maintenance, salary of a person can be attached to the extent of

- (a) One fifth (b) One third
(c) two third (d) one fourth

Q 76. Original document can be returned to the party producing it

- (a) after the suit is over
(b) after the disposal of appeal, if preferred
(c) after the period of limitation for filling the appeal, if no appeal is preferred
(d) all of the above.

Q77. Rule of Damdupat is

- (a) a rule relating to jurisdiction (b) a rule relating to interest
(c) a rule of inherent powers (d) none of the above

Q78. Section 144 of CPC

- (a) confers a new substantive right (b) is exhaustive
(c) is equitable in nature (d) none of the above

Q79. Which of the following legal pleas need not be pleaded

- (a) estoppels (b) limitation
(c) res-judicata (d) none of the above

Q80. Which article of the constitution envisaged Hindi in Devanagari Script as official language?

- (a) 343 (b) 243
(c) 143 (d) 334

Q81. When force or violence is used by an unlawful assembly or by any member thereof, in prosecution of the common object, every member is guilty of

- (a) Rioting (b) Affray
(c) Unlawful Assembly (d) Assault

Q82. Sexual intercourse by a man with his own wife is not rape, if the wife is above.

- (a) 18 years of age (b) 15 years of age
(c) 16 years of age (d) 14 years of age

- Q83. Robbery is an aggravated form of**
- (a) Theft (b) extortion
(c) either theft or extortion (d) either theft or extortion or of Both
- Q84. A meets B and his child in a jungle, A takes the child and threatens to kill him unless B delivers his purse. A has committed**
- (a) extortion (b) theft
(c) robbery (d) decoity
- Q85. Which of the following is an offence which is punishable in four stages:**
- (a) Robbery (b) Dacoity
(c) Murder (d) Rape
- Q86 Any appeal or application may be admitted after the prescribed period if the appellant or the applicant satisfied the court that he had___, cause for not preferring the appeal or making application within such period:**
- (a) Probable (b) Reasonabe (c) Sufficient (d) Particular
- Q.87 In which of the following cases, sec. 10 of Limitation Act, 1963 applies:**
- (a) Express trusts (b) Implied trusts
(c) Trusts created by operation of law. (d) All of the above.
- Q.88. The fraud contemplated by Section 17 of the Limitation Act, 1963, is that of:**
- (a) The plaintiff (b) The defendant
(c) A third person (d) Both (a) and (c)
- Q89. Which section of the Limitation Act is an exception to the general rule that in personal actions, the limitation act bars only the remedy and does not extinguish the right:**
- (a) Sec. 26 (b) Sec. 27
(c) Sec. 28 (d) Sec. 29
- Q90. A suit to redeem or recover possession of immovable property mortgaged can be brought by a mortgagor within a period of:**
- (a) 3 years. (b) 6 years
(c) 12 years (d) 30 years

Q91 Queen-Empress v Abdullah (1885) 7 ALL is related to which of the following?

- (a) Conduct. (b) Motive.
- (c) Preparation. (d) Result.

Q 92. Husband and wife:

- (a) Are competent witnesses against each other in matrimonial cases.
- (b) Are not competent witnesses against each other as they are one person in law.
- (c) Are competent witnesses against each other in civil cases only.
- (d) Are competent witnesses against each other in civil as well as criminal cases.

Q93. What number of witnesses will be required for the proof of any fact?

- (a) No particular number.
- (b) At least one eye-witness.
- (c) Two witnesses with regard to documents.
- (d) One party and one witness.

Q94 Who is not competent to order security for keeping peace on conviction under Sec. 106, Cr.P.C.

- (a) Sessions Court (b) Court of Magistrate of First Class
- (c) Executive Magistrate (d) All are competent

Q95 In proceeding under sec. 107, Cr.P.C. an Executive Magistrate may require to execute a bond for keeping peace for such period, not exceeding.

- (a) One year (b) Two years
- (c) Three year (d) Six months

Q6 No order issued under Sec. 144, Cr.P.C. shall remain in force for more than:

- (a) 15 days (b) 1 month
- (c) 2 months (d) 7 days

Q97. In one trial, A is awarded with the sentence which is not appealable whereas sentence against B is appealable. Whether A can file an appeal against the sentence?

- (a) No. (b) Only with special leave
- (c) Yes (d) There is no such provision

Q98. A, a social reformer, promised B a reward of Rs. 1,000 if he refrained from smoking for two years. B Does so.

- (a) B is entitled to reward from A.
- (b) B is not entitled to reward from A
- (c) It is a valid consideration in the form of an act of abstinence.
- (d) Both (a) and (c) are correct

Q99. An agreement by a debtor not to raise the plea of limitation is

- (a) Valid and binding
- (b) Valid
- (c) Illegal
- (d) Voidable at the option of the creditor.

Q100. In which of the following, the right of private defence do not extends to cause death of the offender?

- (a) Rape
- (b) Gratifying unnatural just
- (c) Causing miscarriage
- (d) Kidnapping

PAPER SET - C

Roll No. _____

INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE CANDIDATES:

1. The written test is of objective type, having multi choice, such as a,b,c, and d etc.
 2. The written test is of 100 marks
 3. Each right answer will carry 01 (one) mark and each wrong answer make liable for deduction of 1/4th (one fourth) mark
 4. The candidate will have to tick (✓) mark on the right answer from multiple choices.
 5. The duration of the written test shall be two hours.
 6. The candidate will used blue ball pen. Use of any other colour of ink is not permitted.
 7. Candidate will put his signature on each page of answer sheet.
-
-

Q. 1 Varun Gandhi belongs to which party?

- (a) Congress
- (b) Jansangh
- (c) Shiv Sena Balthakray
- (d) Bhartiya Janta Party

Q. 2 Lead role of Heroin in Dirty Picture has been played by

- (a) Malika Barot
- (b) Malika Sheravat
- (c) Anushka Sharma
- (d) None of these

Q. 3 Raison d'etre means

- (a) reason or justification for existence
- (b) No justification for existence
- (c) Some time exists with reasons
- (d) Never bases on reasons

Q.4 Mutatis Mutandis Means

- (a) Without any change
- (b) Hard to Change
- (c) Never amendable to Change
- (d) With the necessary changes having been made

Q. 5 Mopa Airport is situated in ...

- (a) Nagaland
- (b) Assam
- (c) Arunachal Pradesh
- (d) None of these

Q. 6 Who wrote book 'Subera'?

- (a) Sukhbir Singh Badal
- (b) Parkash Singh Badal
- (c) Abhay Singh Chautala
- (d) Arjun Badal

Q.7 International Olympics Committee (IOC) decided to exclude which of the following games in 2020 Olympics

- (a) Cycling
- (b) Hockey (Women)
- (c) Tennis
- (d) Wrestling

Q.8. Whether the confession made to a police officer shall be proved as against a person accused of offence-

- A. Such confession is admissible into evidence
- B. Such confession is not admissible into evidence
- C. Such confession is inadmissible in evidence except so far as provided U/s 27 of the Evidence Act.
- D. Such confession is admissible in evidence except so far as provided under section 29 of the Evidence Act.

Q.9. Which of the following statements is admissible into evidence?

- A. Only oral
- B. Only documentary
- C. Oral or documentary both
- D. None of the above

Q.10. The custom to be recognized by the court of law and for this recognition, which of the following is incorrect-

- A. Ancient
- B. Continuous and uniform
- C. Immoral
- D. Reasonable

Q.11. Which of the following method of identification of accused is correct?

- A. By showing photograph of the accused to the relative of deceased who was murder by the accused.
- B. Test Identification prade before the person who witnessed the accused committing crime
- C. A and B are correct
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Q.12. Evidence may be given of relevant facts. A is tried for murder of B by beating him with club with the intention of causing his death which of the following facts are/is correct?

- A. A is beating B with the club
- B. A is causing B's death by such beating
- C. A's intention to cause B's death
- D. All of the above.

Q.13 Writ Jurisdiction of High Court can be invoked under Article Of Constitution of India.

- A. 230
- B. 225
- C. 231
- D. 226

Q.14 Clemency powers of President of India are defined under which Article of Constitute of India.

- A. 71
- B. 74
- C. 73
- D. 72

Q.15 "Sine qua non" means

- A. Some thing absolutely indispensable.
- B. Some thing absolutely dispensable.
- C. Some thing easily dispensable.
- D. Some thing very flexible.

Q16 A person could be convicted for sending his cattle to graze on the land belonging to another as it amounts to

- (a) Theft (Section 379 Penal Code)
- (b) Mischief (Section 426, Penal Code)
- (c) Criminal breach of trust (Section 405, Penal Code)
- (d) Criminal trespass (Section 441, Penal Code)

Q17 The doctrine of _____ would apply to pre-Constitution laws which are governed by Art 13(1) and would not apply to post-constitution laws which are governed by Article 13(2)

- (a) Eclipse
- (b) Severability
- (c) Colourable legislation
- (d) Pith and substance

Q18 Before issuance of process against the accused, in a complaint case

- (a) the accused has a right to participate in the proceedings
- (b) the accused has no right to participate in the proceedings
- (c) the accused has a right to watch the proceedings
- (d) Both (b) and (c)

- Q.19 In case of merger of the complaint with the police report the procedure to be followed for the trial**
- (a) shall be of the complaint case
 - (b) shall be of the case instituted on the police report
 - (c) shall be of both as per convenience during the trial
 - (d) shall be the one as directed by the Magistrate
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Q.37 When can a trial court release an accused on bail under Section 389(3) of Cr.P.C after conviction ?

- (a) Where accused is on bail and imprisonment is not exceeding 3 years.
- (b) Where accused is on bail and imprisonment is not exceeding 5 years.
- (c) Where accused is on bail and imprisonment is not exceeding 7 years.
- (d) Where offence is exclusively bailable whether accused is on bail or not.

Q.38 Section 15 of the Limitation Act, 1963 does not apply to

- (a) suit
- (b) appeals
- (c) Application for the execution of a decree
- (d) None of the above

- Q.39 Section 13 of the Limitation Act, 1963 applies in case of**
- (a) a pauper
 - (b) a minor
 - (c) an idiot
 - (d) an insane
- Q.40 Section 31 of the Specific Relief Act, 1963 is related to**
- (a) rescission of contracts
 - (b) cancellation of instruments
 - (c) declaratory decrees
 - (d) perpetual injunctions
- Q.41 A deaf-mute's evidence made in written in open Court, shall be deemed to be**
- (a) Documentary Evidence
 - (b) Hearsay Evidence
 - (c) Oral Evidence
 - (d) Primary Evidence
- Q.42 By Information Technology Act, 2000, Amendment made in**
- (a) Section 17 of the Indian Evidence Act
 - (b) Section 34 of the Indian Evidence Act.
 - (c) Section 35 of the Indian Evidence Act
 - (d) All of the above
- Q.43 Six persons assembled on the platform of Mumbai Railway Station and started fighting with each other. The passengers present at the railway station got annoyed and felt disturbed. The public reported the matter to the police. These six persons are guilty of :**
- (a) Unlawful assembly
 - (b) Rioting
 - (c) Affray
 - (d) Assault

Q.44 Under Section 325, Cr.P.C, Whenever a Magistrate is of opinion, after hearing the evidence for prosecution and the accused, that the accused is guilty and that he ought to receive a severe punishment than such Magistrate is empowered to inflict, the Magistrate may forward the case to:

- (a) Sessions Judge
- (b) Chief Judicial Magistrate
- (c) District Magistrate
- (d) Concerned Police Station

Q. 45 Bank rate is the rate at which :

- (a) a bank lends to the public
- (b) the reserve Bank of India lends to the public
- (c) The Government of India lends to other countries
- (d) the Reserve Bank of India gives credit to commercial banks

Q. 46 In India, the power to increase the number of judges in the Supreme Court lies with :

- (a) the President of India
- (b) The Chief Justice of India
- (c) The Union Ministry of law
- (d) The Parliament of India

Q.47 Chief Ministers of all the states are ex-officio members of the :

- (a) Finance Commission
- (b) Planning Commission
- (c) National Development Council
- (d) Inter State council

Q.48 The King who did not allow any body to laugh in his court was :

- (a) Qutab-ud-di Aibak
- (b) Iltutmish
- (c) Alauddin Khalji
- (d) Balban

Q.49 Which of the following was built by Akbar?

- (a) Agra Fort
- (b) Fort of Daulatabad
- (c) Red Fort
- (d) Fort of Ahmednagar

Q.50 Where did Babar die?

- (a) Agra
- (b) Kabul
- (c) Lahore
- (d) Delhi

Q.51 The practice of Sati was declared illegal by :

- (a) Lord Ripon (b) Lord Cornwallis
(c) Lord William Bentick (d) Raja Ram Mohan Roy

Q.52 The first person to conduct heart transplantation in India is :

- (a) Dr. PKK Ayyangar (b) Dr. R Valiathan
(c) Dr. Venugopal (d) Dr. R Kesavan Nair

Q.53 Food wrapped in newspaper is likely to get contaminated with

- (a) Lead (b) aluminium
(c) iron (d) magnesium

Q.54 Which of all following is used as a moderator in nuclear reactor?

- (a) Ordinary water (b) Radium
(c) Thorium (d) Graphite

Q.55 Department of Border Management is a Department of which one of the following Union Ministries?

- (a) Ministry of Defence
(b) Ministry of Home Affairs
(c) Ministry of Shipping, Road Transport and Highways
(d) Ministry of Environment and forests

Q.56 The Lok Sabha is called in Session for at least how many times in a year?

- (a) Twice (b) Once (c) Thrice (d) Four times

Q.57 In the constitution of India, promotion of International peace and security is mentioned in the :

- (a) Preamble to the constitution
(b) Directive Principles of state policy
(c) Fundamental Duties
(d) Ninth Schedule

Q58. The punishment for mischief is:

- (a) imprisonment for a term up to three months, or with fine, or with both.
(b) imprisonment for a term up to six months, or with fine, or with both.
(c) imprisonment for a term up to one month, or with fine, or with both
(d) imprisonment for a term upto one year, or with fine, or with both.

- Q59. The word 'takes' in section 361 of IPC signifies?**
- (a) taking by force (b) taking by fraud
(c) physical taking (d) all the above
- Q60. Assembling for decoity is punishable under**
- (a) Section 396 IPC (b) Section 391, IPC
(c) Section 399, IPC (d) Section 402, IPC
- Q61. In which of the following cases, the punishment must be 'simple'**
- (a) Refusing to take oath
(b) Disobedience to an order duly promulgated by a public servant
(c) Wrongful restraint
(d) All of the above
- Q62. What is the offence, preparation whereof is also punishable?**
- (a) Theft (b) Dacoity
(c) Murder (d) Rape
- Q63. In cases of kidnapping & abduction the right of private defence extends to voluntarily causing**
- (a) any harm other than death
(b) any harm other than death & grievous hurt
(c) any harm including death
(d) none of the above
- Q64. 'A' pulled an ear ring away from a woman's ear and thereby tore and wounded her ear. 'A' is guilty of**
- (a) extortion (b) mischief
(c) misappropriation (d) robbery
- Q65. The right to private defence is based on the natural instinct of**
- (a) self-perservation (b) self-respect
(c) self-sufficiency (d) self-reliance
- Q66. Which article of the constitution permits the Supreme Court to review its own judgement or order?**
- (a) Article 130 (b) Article 137
(c) Article 138 (d) Article 139

Q67. The words “Satyameva Jayate’, inscribed below the National Emblem, are taken from

- (a) Jataka (b) Mundaka Upanishad
(c) Mahabharata (d) Puranas

Q68. Supreme Court said in re Berubari Union (AIR 1960 SC 845) case that _____ is a key to open the mind of the maker.

- (a) Fundamenta Right (b) Directive Principle
(c) Supreme Court (d) Preamble

Q69. Who will appoint the Chairman of Public Accounts Committee?

- (a) Prime Minister (b) President
(c) Speaker (d) Parliament

Q70. Which of the following emerges clearly from the Preamble?

- (I) When the constitution was enacted
(II) The Ideals that were to be achieved
(III) The system of government
(IV) The source of authority
- (a) II, III and IV (b) I and II
(c) I, II and III (d) I, II, III and IV

Q71. Which article of the constitution envisaged Hindi in Devanagari Script as official language?

- (a) 343 (b) 243 (c) 143 (d) 334

Q72. Which of the following legal pleas need not be pleaded

- (a) estoppels (b) limitation
(c) res-judicata (d) none of the above

Q73. Section 144 of CPC

- (a) confers a new substantive right (b) is exhaustive
(c) is equitable in nature (d) none of the above

Q74. Rule of Damdupat is

- (a) a rule relating to jurisdiction (b) a rule relating to interest
(c) a rule of inherent powers (d) none of the above

- Q 75. Original document can be returned to the party producing it**
- (a) after the suit is over
 - (b) after the disposal of appeal, if preferred
 - (c) after the period of limitation for filling the appeal, if no appeal is preferred
 - (d) all of the above.
- Q 76. In execution of a decree for the maintenance, salary of a person can be attached to the extent of**
- (a) One fifth
 - (b) One third
 - (c) two third
 - (d) one fourth
- Q77. In a suit, issues are framed in respect of**
- (a) questions of facts
 - (b) questions of law
 - (c) mixed question of fact and law
 - (d) all of the above
- Q78. A decision on issue of law**
- (a) shall always operate as res-judicata
 - (b) shall never operate as res-judicata
 - (c) may or may not operate as res-judicata
 - (d) none of the above
- Q79. If a person is dispossessed without his consent of immovable property otherwise than in due course of law, he may file a suit for recovery of possession under Sec. 6 of the Specific Relief Act within a period of:**
- (a) Three months
 - (b) Six months
 - (c) Nine months
 - (d) One year
- Q80. Specific Relief Act is:**
- (a) Remedial in nature
 - (b) Protective in nature
 - (c) A procedural law
 - (d) All of these
- Q81. A suit to redeem or recover possession of immovable property mortgaged can be brought by a mortgagor within a period of:**
- (a) 3 years.
 - (b) 6 years
 - (c) 12 years
 - (d) 30 years

Q82. Which section of the Limitation Act is an exception to the general rule that in personal actions, the limitation act bars only the remedy and does not extinguish the right:

- (a) Sec. 26
- (b) Sec. 27
- (c) Sec. 28
- (d) Sec. 29

Q.83. The fraud contemplated by Section 17 of the Limitation Act, 1963, is that of:

- (a) The plaintiff
- (b) The defendant
- (c) A third person
- (d) Both (a) and (c)

Q.84 In which of the following cases, sec. 10 of Limitation Act, 1963 applies:

- (a) Express trusts
- (b) Implied trusts
- (c) Trusts created by operation of law.
- (d) All of the above.

Q85 Any appeal or application may be admitted after the prescribed period if the appellant or the applicant satisfied the court that he had___, cause for not preferring the appeal or making application within such period:

- (a) Probable
- (b) Reasonabe
- (c) Sufficient
- (d) Particular

Q86. Which of the following is an offence which is punishable in four stages:

- (a) Robbery
- (b) Dacoity
- (c) Murder
- (d) Rape

Q87. A meets B and his child in a jungle, A takes the child and threatens to kill him unless B delivers his purse. A has committed

- (a) extortion
- (b) theft
- (c) robbery
- (d) decoity

Q88. Robbery is an aggravated form of

- (a) Theft
- (b) extortion
- (c) either theft or extortion
- (d) either theft or extortion or of Both

Q89. Sexual intercourse by a man with his own wife is not rape, if the wife is above.

- (a) 18 years of age
- (b) 15 years of age
- (c) 16 years of age
- (d) 14 years of age

- Q90. When force or violence is used by an unlawful assembly or by any member thereof, in prosecution of the common object, every member is guilty of**
- (a) Rioting (b) Affray
(c) Unlawful Assembly (d) Assault
- Q91. In which of the following, the right of private defence do not extends to cause death of the offender?**
- (a) Rape (b) Gratifying unnatural just
(c) Causing miscarriage (d) Kidnapping
- Q92. An agreement by a debtor not to raise the plea of limitation is**
- (a) Valid and binding
(b) Valid
(c) Illegal
(d) Voidable at the option of the creditor.
- Q93. A, a social reformer, promised B a reward of Rs. 1,000 if he refrained from smoking for two years. B Does so.**
- (a) B is entitled to reward from A.
(b) B is not entitled to reward from A
(c) It is a valid consideration in the form of an act of abstinence.
(d) Both (a) and (c) are correct
- Q94. In one trial, A is awarded with the sentence which is not appealable whereas sentence against B is appealable. Whether A can file an appeal against the sentence?**
- (a) No. (b) Only with special leave
(c) Yes (d) There is no such provision
- Q95. No order issued under Sec. 144, Cr.P.C. shall remain in force for more than:**
- (a) 15 days (b) 1 month
(c) 2 months (d) 7 days

Q96 In proceeding under sec. 107, Cr.P.C. an Executive Magistrate may require to execute a bond for keeping peace for such period, not exceeding.

- (a) One year
- (b) Two years
- (c) Three year
- (d) Six months

Q97 Who is not competent to order security for keeping peace on conviction under Sec. 106, Cr.P.C.

- (a) Sessions Court
- (b) Court of Magistrate of First Class
- (c) Executive Magistrate
- (d) All are competent

Q98. What number of witnesses will be required for the proof of any fact?

- (a) No particular number.
- (b) At least one eye-witness.
- (c) Two witnesses with regard to documents.
One party and one witness.

Q 99. Husband and wife:

- (a) Are competent witnesses against each other in matrimonial cases.
- (b) Are not competent witnesses against each other as they are one person in law.
- (c) Are competent witnesses against each other in civil cases only.
- (d) Are competent witnesses against each other in civil as well as criminal cases.

Q100 Queen-Empress v Abdullah (1885) 7 ALL is related to which of the following?

- (a) Conduct.
- (b) Motive.
- (c) Preparation.
- (d) Result.

ANSWER KEY (PAPER -A)

Q.No.	Answer
1	A
2	D
3	A
4	C
5	A
6	C
7	C
8	D
9	B
10	C
11	A
12	B
13	D
14	C
15	B
16	C
17	A
18	B
19	B
20	D
21	D
22	B
23	C
24	D
25	B
26	D
27	B
28	C
29	D
30	A
31	D
32	C
33	D
34	B

Q.N.	Answer
35	B
36	A
37	D
38	C
39	B
40	D
41	D
42	C
43	A
44	B
45	C
46	B
47	D
48	A
49	C
50	C
51	A
52	A
53	D
54	C
55	D
56	D
57	B
58	C
59	D
60	C
61	B
62	A
63	B
64	A
65	C
66	B
67	D
68	C

Q.No.	Answer
69	C
70	D
71	D
72	C
73	D
74	D
75	B
76	C
77	C
78	D
79	B
80	D
81	A
82	B
83	D
84	A
85	B
86	A
87	D
88	D
89	D
90	B
91	C
92	C
93	C
94	D
95	D
96	D
97	D
98	A
99	D
100	D

*Completed with
assignment.*

ANSWER KEY (PAPER - B)

Q. No.	Answer
1.	C
2.	C
3.	C
4.	D
5.	D
6.	D
7.	D
8.	A
9.	D
10.	D
11.	A
12.	B
13.	D
14.	A
15.	B
16.	A
17.	D
18.	D
19.	D
20.	B
21.	D
22.	C
23.	D
24.	D
25.	B
26.	C
27.	C
28.	D
29.	B
30.	D
31.	B
32.	A
33.	B
34.	A

Q. No.	Answer
35.	C
36.	B
37.	D
38.	C
39.	C
40.	D
41.	A
42.	A
43.	D
44.	C
45.	D
46.	D
47.	B
48.	C
49.	D
50.	C
51.	D
52.	C
53.	A
54.	B
55.	C
56.	B
57.	D
58.	A
59.	C
60.	C
61.	D
62.	C
63.	D
64.	B
65.	B
66.	A
67.	D
68.	C

Q. No	Answer
69.	B
70.	D
71.	D
72.	B
73.	C
74.	D
75.	B
76.	D
77.	B
78.	C
79.	D
80.	A
81.	A
82.	B
83.	D
84.	C
85.	B
86.	C
87.	A
88.	B
89.	B
90.	D
91.	A
92.	D
93.	A
94.	C
95.	A
96.	C
97.	C
98.	D
99.	B
100.	C

Compared with original, B.

ANSWER KEY (PAPER -C)

Q.No.	Answer
1	D
2	D
3	A
4	D
5	D
6	D
7	D
8	C
9	C
10	C
11	B
12	D
13	D
14	D
15	A
16	B
17	A
18	D
19	B
20	A
21	D
22	B
23	D
24	C
25	C
26	B
27	D
28	D
29	C
30	D
31	D
32	C
33	C
34	D

Q.N.	Answer
35	B
36	C
37	A
38	B
39	A
40	B
41	C
42	D
43	C
44	B
45	D
46	D
47	C
48	D
49	A
50	A
51	C
52	C
53	A
54	D
55	B
56	C
57	B
58	A
59	C
60	D
61	D
62	B
63	C
64	D
65	A
66	B
67	B
68	D

Q.No.	Answer
69	C
70	D
71	A
72	D
73	C
74	B
75	D
76	B
77	D
78	C
79	B
80	D
81	D
82	B
83	B
84	A
85	C
86	B
87	C
88	D
89	B
90	A
91	C
92	B
93	D
94	C
95	C
96	A
97	C
98	A
99	D
100	A

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